



AMS Listening Sessions on Marketing Claim for Naturally Raised Livestock

The FSIS Labeling Approval Program and Marketing Claims

December 11, 2006 and January 17 and 18, 2007

Dr. Robert C. Post, Director
Tammie Myrick, Project Leader
Labeling and Consumer Protection Staff





FSIS and Labeling

- FSIS is the public health/regulatory agency that ensures meat, poultry, and egg products are safe, wholesome and accurately labeled
- As part of inspection mandate, FSIS conducts the USDA prior labeling approval system





FSIS Prior Labeling Approval System

- FSIS Labeling and Consumer Protection Staff applies misbranding provisions of laws and labeling requirements in regulations daily
- All labels applied to meat, poultry, and egg products destined for commerce are subject to evaluation and approval by FSIS
- FSIS evaluates labels for compliance with required label features





FSIS Prior Labeling Approval System

- Manufacturers must submit all labels with claims and special statements for evaluation and approval by Labeling and Consumer Protection Staff before use in commerce
- Voluntary claims and special statements typically relate to nutrient content, ingredients, processing methods, and animal raising practices





Voluntary Claims

- When declared, information supporting the claims must accompany labels submitted for approval
- In some cases, meat and poultry regulations address factors for judging the truthfulness of claims
- In some cases, FSIS has established policy guides for claims





Labeling Policy Guidance

- Interpretations of regulations
- Helpful and transparent way to set out the factors considered in making judgments about labeling
- Policy Memos/FSIS Food Standards and Labeling Policy Book = primary vehicles
- Policy guides respond to trends in marketing products with features, statements, and claims not explicitly addressed by regulations





Marketing Claims

- One area of growing interest is animal raising claims
- Policy guidance: submission of labels for approval must be accompanied by protocols, veterinary records, affidavits
- Producers may opt for AMS certification that animals are raised in manner claimed
- FSIS accepts AMS program certification as support





Marketing Claims

- Another area of growing marketing claims interest relates to how products are processed, e.g., "natural"
- 1982 policy guide (FSIS Policy Memo 055)
- Intended as guide to manufacturers for developing labeling bearing "natural" claims that FSIS would likely find truthful and not misleading
- Conditions were specified for using the claim





Factors for Considering "Natural" Claims

 Product does not contain artificial flavor, coloring ingredient, or chemical preservative, or any other artificial or synthetic ingredient, and

Product and its ingredients are not more than minimally processed





Factors for Considering "Natural" Claims

Minimal processing:

- traditional processes used to make food edible, preserve it, or make safe, or
- physical processes that do not fundamentally alter the raw product or that only separate a whole food into component parts, e.g., ground beef





Factors for Considering "Natural" Claims

- Relatively severe processes, e.g., acid hydrolysis, are more than minimal
- Exception is that case-by-case statements such as "all natural ingredients except for hydrolyzed milk protein" may be approved





Growing Interest in Marketing "Natural" Meat and Poultry Products

 Requests for "natural" on labels of products resulting from processes and including ingredients not found in use at time policy was created

 Significant disagreement about aspects of the policy





Growing Interest in Marketing "Natural" Meat and Poultry Products

- October 2006, FSIS received petition to codify 1982 policy in Title 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations
- Information also raises questions about when, and if, foods resulting from a new processing technique or containing multipurpose ingredients, e.g., sodium lactate, could be fairly characterized as "natural"





"Natural" Meat and Poultry Products

- Issues about processing and ingredients are best addressed in rulemaking
- FSIS public meeting 12-12-06 (South Agriculture Building Cafeteria) to receive comments prior to rulemaking
- The content of the rulemaking will derive from our consideration of what we hear and receive in comments